



United States
of America

Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 105th CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

Vol. 143

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, JULY 30, 1997

No. 110

Senate

The Senate met at 9:30 a.m., and was called to order by the President pro tempore [Mr. THURMOND].

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Lloyd John Ogilvie, offered the following prayer:

Dear Father, the best that can happen today is that we will experience deep fellowship with You and enjoy You. The worst that can happen is that we might become so busy or distracted by life's demands that we would miss this privilege of friendship with You. This puts into perspective our secondary goals for today or the glitches in our plans that might occur.

This is the day You have made. We will rejoice and be glad in You, not just in another day. You alone are the source of the joy of any day.

You have taught us that the secret of a truly great day is that You will show the way. You have plans for us today. We don't want to miss them. Make us sensitive to the surprises You send our way. So help us not to forget that You are with us and want to have a moment-by-moment dialog with us throughout the day about the crucial issues before us. Thank You for Your grace and guidance. Through our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

RECOGNITION OF THE ACTING MAJORITY LEADER

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The able acting majority leader, Senator GRASSLEY, is recognized.

SCHEDULE

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, on behalf of Senator LOTT, the majority leader, I will make this announcement.

We announce that this morning, following morning business, at 10:30 a.m., the Senate will begin consideration of S. 39. That is the tuna-dolphin bill. Under a previous agreement, there will be 30 minutes for debate. It will be on that measure. Then it will be followed by a vote on the passage of S. 39.

Also under the order, a vote on the passage of S. 1048, the Transportation appropriations bill, will follow the tuna-dolphin vote. Therefore, Senators can anticipate two rollcall votes this morning. Hopefully that would be around 11 a.m.

As Members are aware, the House did file H.R. 2015, the conference report to accompanying the Balanced Budget Act of 1997; therefore, the Senate will hopefully begin consideration of that measure today at noon. Under the statute, there are 10 hours for debate on that conference report. And as always, Members will be notified as to when that rollcall vote can be expected.

Senator LOTT thanks our colleagues for their attention.

MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. INHOFE). Under the previous order, there will now be a period of morning business until the hour of 10:30 a.m., with Senator DASCHLE or his designee in control of 30 minutes, and Senator GRASSLEY or his designee in control of 30 minutes.

Mr. GRASSLEY addressed the Chair. The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Iowa.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE RESTRUCTURING AND REFORM ACT

Mr. GRASSLEY. I have the privilege this morning, with our outstanding colleague, Senator KERREY of Nebraska, to announce my intention to introduce a piece of legislation, the Internal Revenue Service Restructuring Act, that is a product of the National Commission on Restructuring the IRS. That commission functioned for approximately 12 months. The success of the commission is a result of the leadership of Senator KERREY and Congressman ROB PORTMAN of Ohio.

As a member of the Commission on Restructuring the IRS, also as a current senior member of the IRS Over-

sight Subcommittee on the Finance Committee, and as the chief Senate sponsor of previous legislation that has been called the Taxpayers Bill of Rights I and the Taxpayers Bill of Rights II—and of course I am a taxpayer myself—I have been involved in several ways for many years in an effort to finally reach this point that we will make substantial changes, hopefully passing legislation, that will make substantial changes in the IRS and how it functions.

Congress is on the verge of a very major shift in power from the Federal Government to the people. The recommendations of this commission are a blueprint for the transfer of power. Understandably, there is much anxiety within the Federal Government at this moment. It is in anticipation of this loss of power. The anxiety is at the highest levels in the executive branch that I have seen it.

The American taxpayers have waited a long time for this to happen. They have suffered through decades of encounters with an agency that has been unaccountable, unresponsive, misleading, arrogant, and even abusive. The IRS has been granted enormous powers that at times seems to disrespect, even to undermine, civil liberties. The responsibilities to our citizens that go along with such power was not exercised by that agency.

Furthermore, IRS management seemed to have taken a vacation. Billions of dollars have been wasted. Performance failures were not met with discipline. Questionable activities were covered up by secrecy, mostly by abusing the authority of what we would all recognize as section 6103, the so-called privacy provisions. Congressional oversight of the IRS has been rendered all but impotent because of absurd 6103 restrictions. These restrictions make the Pentagon's highly secret and highly restrictive Joint Chiefs of Staff vault seem like a Freedom of Information office.

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.



Printed on recycled paper.

S8287